

This entry reproduces with minor amendments the original abstract or equivalent of a document collected by Drug and Alcohol Findings. Findings collects any scientific or UK policy document relating to evaluations of drug or alcohol interventions or to the interpretation and use of their findings. Unlike documents selected for fuller analysis, its citation here does not imply that this document is particularly relevant to Britain and of particular merit (though it may well be both) and no attempt has been made to validate the facts or interpretations given by the authors or to offer a critical commentary. The original document was not published by Findings; click on the Title to obtain copies. Free reprints may also be available from the authors – click Request reprint to send or adapt the pre-prepared e-mail message. Links to source documents are in blue. Hover mouse over orange text for explanatory notes.

Click HERE and enter e-mail address to be alerted to new studies and reviews

▶ Assessing user perceptions of staff training requirements in the substance use workforce: a review of the literature.

Wylie L. Request reprint

Drugs: education, prevention and policy: 2010, 17(5), p. 618-631

Reviews the literature on what qualities and competences service users would like to see developed in the staff who counsel and treat them; above all it seems, a "positive and humanistic attitude" towards the user.

Original abstract Although the potential range of the workforce that may positively interact with substance users is large, and takes in all who may have to deal with substance use issues in some way, the literature mainly focuses on user views of specialist substance use or health and social care staff. With client-centred care a key policy of modern service delivery, this review assesses the available literature on service user perceptions of staff abilities and comments on possible training needs. Many service users rated a positive attitude towards the user as the key staff attribute that enhanced quality of care. There was also evidence that generally users desired more knowledgeable staff, both professional and ex-user, and that staff working within sub-specialties require advanced training. However, a positive attitude towards the user in interpersonal therapeutic situations was potentially able to overcome a staff member's knowledge deficiency. Potential methods of instilling positive attitudes within the substance use workforce are discussed, including organisational culture and potential educational requirements.

Last revised 06 January 2011

▶ Comment on this entry •▶ Give us your feedback on the site (one-minute survey)

Top 10 most closely related documents on this site. For more try a subject or free text search

Replication and sustainability of improved access and retention within the Network for the Improvement of

Your selected document

Addiction Treatment STUDY 2008

Relating counselor attributes to client engagement in England STUDY 2009

The power of the welcoming reminder THEMATIC REVIEW 2004

Wet day centres in Britain SERIES OF ARTICLES 2005

Effective dissemination: a systematic review of implementation strategies for the AOD field REVIEW 2008

The motivational hallo THEMATIC REVIEW 2005

Giving the silent majority a voice IN PRACTICE 2004

Abused women gain more from holistic counselling NUGGET 2005

Matching resources to needs is key to achieving 'wrap-around' care objectives NUGGET 2006

Shared care encourages GPs to treat addiction NUGGET 1999